fasteners until a break away torque is reached;

measuring the torque values applied to the second tightened fastener and measuring the angle through which the second fastener rotates;

defining a second zero angle point to be a point at which a tangent from a torque versus angle plot, created from the measured torque and angle values from the second tightened fastener, crosses an angle axis;

defining a second audit angle to be the angle between the second zero angle point and the angle associated break away torque for the second tightened threaded fastener; and comparing the first and second audit angles to determine relative clamp loads.

- 19. (Previously presented). A method as in claim 18 wherein the torque is applied until an angle of rotation between 1 and 15 degrees is achieved.
- 20. (Previously presented). A method as in claim 18 wherein audit angles are defined for the remainder of the plurality of tightened threaded fasteners and the plurality of audit angles are compared.
- 21. (Previously presented). A method as in claims 18 wherein the first and second audit angles are compared to a predetermined audit angle.